

tees or legatees by a proper deed, to be executed, acknowledged and recorded according to law.

This section held inapplicable to an account settled before its passage. *Woelfel v. Evans*, 74 Md. 350.

See notes to sec. 137.

1904, art. 93, sec. 139. 1888, art. 93, sec. 140. 1860, art. 93, sec. 140. 1798, ch. 101, sub-ch. 10, sec. 7.

140. When any person entitled, after payment of debts, shall be in want of subsistence, or greatly straitened in his circumstances, and shall apply to the orphans' court by petition, and shall satisfy the court that he is in want of subsistence or greatly straitened in circumstances, and that it probably will not require more than one-half of the assets to discharge the debts, the court may direct the administrator to deliver to the petitioner any part of what the court shall suppose will be his distributive share, or any part of a legacy or bequest in money not exceeding one-third part, the said petitioner giving bond, with security approved by the court, to the administrator, for returning the same or an equivalent, with interest, whenever so directed by the court, and the court shall have power to determine in a summary way on any such petition, after summons against such administrator duly returned summoned or returned *non est*.

This section relates only to distributive shares and to money legacies. and hence, has no application to personal property passing by will. *Lowe v. Lowe*, 6 Md. 353.

Cited but not construed in *Donaldson v. Raborg*, 28 Md. 56.

Ibid. sec. 140. 1888, art. 93, sec. 141. 1860, art. 93, sec. 141. 1798, ch. 101, sub-ch. 10, sec. 8.

141. The court in like manner, on any petition by a person in such circumstances, to whom a specific legacy or bequest has been made, being satisfied that the assets, exclusive of all specific legacies, will not be nearly exhausted by debts, may direct the executor or administrator with the will annexed, to deliver to the petitioner the said specific legacy or bequest on his giving bond as aforesaid.

This section refers to specific legacies, but the court will not act thereunder save upon proper allegations and proof. *Lowe v. Lowe*, 6 Md. 353.

Cited but not construed in *Donaldson v. Raborg*, 28 Md. 56.

Ibid. sec. 141. 1888, art. 93, sec. 142. 1860, art. 93, sec. 142. 1847, ch. 71.

142. Where a bequest of personal property or money is made to a female, and directed by the will to be paid on her attaining to full, mature or lawful age, such female shall be entitled to receive and demand such personal property or money on her arriving at the age of eighteen years, or being married.

The word "maturity" construed to be equivalent to the words "lawful age" as used in this section. *Carpenter v. Boulden*, 48 Md. 129.

As to releases to executors, see art. 79, sec. 1.